

tained, in the Gauss-Boaga national system;

- *NORL: north coordinate upper right, in metres, of the rectangle of minimum size where the particular to which the toponym is referred is contained, in the Gauss-Boaga national system;*
- *EUTM: east coordinate, in metres, of the toponym, in the ED 50 reference frame, referred to point features;*
- *NUTM: north coordinate, in metres, of the toponym, in the ED 50 reference frame, referred to point features.*

3.3 Other sources

A complete list of names of inhabited places can be found in the regional volumes of the last Censimento Generale della Popolazione (General Census of Population); the volumes are issued by the Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Roma, via Cesare Balbo,16).

There is also a work issued by the Touring Club Italiano (Milano, corso Italia 10) in 1993: Annuario Generale dei Comuni e delle frazioni d'Italia (Yearbook of Italian Communes and their territorial subdivisions), which, however, reports the 1991's situation.

Rich in place names, but not complete, is the Indice dei nomi (Place Names Index) dell'Atlante Stradale d'Italia, at scale 1:200 000 in three volumes, issued and updated by the Touring Club Italiano regularly.

Other two gazetteers issued by Istituto Geografico De Agostini (Novara, Corso della Vittoria 91) are included in the Grande Atlante d'Italia (Great atlas of Italy) at scale 1:300 000 and in the Atlante Stradale d'Italia (Road atlas of Italy) at scale 1:200 000. The last one is updated every year.

4 GLOSSARY OF APPELLATIVES, ADJECTIVES AND OTHER WORDS NECESSARY FOR THE UNDERSTANDING OF MAPS

4.1 General remarks

Due to the presence in Italy of so many place names written in languages other than Italian, the geographic generic terms, too, are very numerous. In order to avoid a too long and articulate list of such generic terms, the French, Franco-Provençal, Provençal, German, and Slovenian geographic generic terms are not presented here, as they can be easily found in the Toponymic Guidelines for Maps issued by the Countries concerned. Only the most important and most widespread Italian terms, together with some Ladin and Sardinian ones, distinguished from Italian terms by means of the letters (L) and (S) put in brackets, are given.

Terms are given also in feminine forms and in plural, especially adjectives, when necessary. In these cases singular forms are separated from the

mo ingombro entro il quale è contenuto il particolare cui si riferisce il toponimo, nel sistema nazionale Gauss-Boaga;

- NORR: coordinata nord in alto a destra, in metri, del rettangolo di minimo ingombro entro il quale è contenuto il particolare cui si riferisce il toponimo, nel sistema nazionale Gauss-Boaga;

- EUTM: coordinata est, in metri, del toponimo, nel sistema ED 50, riferita ad oggetti puntuali;

- NUTM: coordinata nord, in metri, del toponimo, nel sistema ED 50, riferita ad oggetti puntuali.

3.3 *Altre fonti*

Un elenco completo dei nomi relativi a luoghi abitati si può trovare nei fascicoli regionali dell'ultimo *Censimento Generale della Popolazione*; tali fascicoli sono pubblicati dall'*Istituto Centrale di Statistica* (ISTAT - Roma, via Cesare Balbo 16).

Esiste anche un lavoro pubblicato nel 1993 dal *Touring Club Italiano* (Milano, Corso Italia 10): *Annuario Generale dei comuni e delle frazioni d'Italia*, che comunque presenta la situazione al 1991.

Ricco di toponimi, ma non completo, è l'*Indice dei nomi dell'Atlante Stradale d'Italia* a scala 1:200 000 in tre volumi, pubblicato e aggiornato regolarmente dal *Touring Club Italiano*.

Altri due dizionari geografici pubblicati dall'*Istituto Geografico De Agostini* (Novara, Corso della Vittoria 91) sono inclusi nel *Grande Atlante d'Italia* a scala 1:300 000 e nell'*Atlante Stradale d'Italia* a scala 1:200 000. Quest'ultimo viene aggiornato ogni anno.

4 **GLOSSARIO DI APPELLATIVI, AGGETTIVI E ALTRE PAROLE NECESSARI PER LA COMPRESIONE DELLE CARTE**

4.1 *Osservazioni generali*

Così come i toponimi, anche i termini geografici generici sono molto numerosi, grazie alla presenza di diverse lingue sul territorio italiano. Al fine di evitare un elenco troppo lungo e articolato di questi termini, qui non vengono presentati quelli francesi, franco-provenzali, provenzali, tedeschi e sloveni, poiché essi possono essere facilmente ricavati dalle linee guida pubblicate negli altri Stati. Vengono invece riportati solo i termini italiani più importanti e diffusi, insieme ad alcuni nomi ladini e sardi distinti dai termini italiani per mezzo delle lettere (L) e (S) rispettivamente.

Dei termini sono riportate anche le forme femminile e plurale, specialmente per gli aggettivi, quando necessario. In tali casi la forma singolare

plural by means of a semicolon (;), masculine forms are separated from the feminine by means of a comma (,): e. g. **alt-o, -a; i, -e** show respectively the following forms of the Italian adjective **alto** (high): singular masculine (**alto**), singular feminine (**alta**), plural masculine (**alti**), plural feminine (**alte**); **ligur-e;-i** show respectively the singular form (both masculine and feminine) and the plural (both masculine and feminine) of the Italian adjective **ligure; liguri** (Ligurian). The same occurs with many substantives: e. g. **lag-o; -hi** show respectively the singular form and the plural one of the Italian noun **lago** (lake); **laghi** (lakes).

4.2 The list of Italian, Ladin and Sardinian generic geographic terms with a few adjectival modifiers, prepositions, and conjunctions:

<i>by; on; near</i>	<i>swamp</i>
<i>abbey</i>	<i>relating to Ancona</i>
<i>abyss</i>	<i>relating to Ancona</i>
<i>relating to the Abruzzo Region</i>	<i>amphitheatre</i>
<i>water</i>	<i>ancient</i>
<i>aqueduct</i>	<i>relating to Aosta/Aoste</i>
<i>sharp</i>	<i>relating to the Appennines</i>
<i>Adriatic, relating to Adriatic Sea</i>	<i>Appennines</i>
<i>airport</i>	<i>relating to the Apuanian Mountains</i>
<i>river</i>	<i>relating to L'Aquila</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (m. p.)</i>	<i>archipelago</i>
<i>relating to Agrigento</i>	<i>bow</i>
<i>field</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (m. p.)</i>	<i>service station</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (m. s.)</i>	<i>sand</i>
<i>Albanian</i>	<i>relating to Arezzo</i>
<i>hotel</i>	<i>embankment</i>
<i>relating to Alessandria</i>	<i>arsenal</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (m. and f. s.)</i>	<i>artificial</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (f. s.)</i>	<i>relating to Ascoli Piceno</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (f. p.)</i>	<i>relating to Asti</i>
<i>by the; on the; near the (m. s.)</i>	<i>relating to the river Adige</i>
<i>shepherd's hut in the Alps; mountain pasture area</i>	<i>peak; top</i>
<i>The Alps</i>	<i>highway</i>
<i>alpine; relating to the Alps</i>	<i>relating to Avellino</i>
<i>high</i>	<i>peak; top</i>
<i>plateau; highlands</i>	<i>basin; valley</i>
<i>height</i>	<i>basin</i>
<i>embassy</i>	<i>basin; valley</i>
	<i>bay; gulf</i>

è separata dal plurale per mezzo di un punto e virgola (;), mentre la forma maschile è separata dal femminile per mezzo di una virgola (,). Ad esempio **alt-o, -a; i, -e** mostrano rispettivamente le seguenti forme dell'aggettivo **alto**: singolare maschile (**alto**), singolare femminile (**alta**), plurale maschile (**alti**), plurale femminile (**alte**); **ligur-e; -i** mostrano rispettivamente la forma singolare (sia maschile che femminile) e quella plurale (maschile e femminile) dell'aggettivo **ligure**; **liguri**. Lo stesso avviene con molti sostantivi: ad es. **lag-o; -hi** mostrano rispettivamente la forma singolare e quella plurale del sostantivo **lago**.

4.2 *Elenco di termini geografici generici italiani, ladini e sardi, con alcuni aggettivi, preposizioni e congiunzioni:*

a	anatzu (S)
abbazia	anconetan-o, -a; -i, -e
abiss-o; -i	anconitan-o, -a; -i, e
abruzzes-e; i	anfiteatro
acqu-a; -e	antic-o, -a; -hi, -he
acquedott-o; -i	aostan-o, -a; -e, -i
acut-o, -a; -i, -e	appenninic-o, -a; -i, -he
adriatic-o, -a; -i, -he	Appennin-o; -i
aeroporto	apuan-o, -a; -i, -e
agh-e; -is (L)	aquilan-o,a;-i,-e
agli	arcipelag-o; -hi
agrigentin-o, -a; -i, -e	arc-o; -hi
agro	arcu/arcu genna (S)
ai	area di servizio
al	aren-a; -as (S)
albanese	aretin-o, -a; -i, -e
albergo	argin-e; -i
alessandrin-o,-a;-i,-e	arsenal-e; -i
all'	artificial-e; -i
alla	ascolan-o, -a; -i, -e
alle	astigian-o, -a; -i, -e
allo	atesin-o, -a; -i,-e
alp-e; -i	atta (S)
Alp-e; -i	autostrad-a; -e
alpin-o, -a; -i, -e	avellines-e; -i
alt-o, -a; -i, -e	azza (S)
altipiano/altopiano	baccu (S)
altura-a; -e	bacin-o;-i
ambasciata	badde/baddi (S)
	baia

<i>alpine hut</i>	<i>relating to the Campania Region</i>
<i>swamp</i>	<i>camping</i>
<i>dock; quay</i>	<i>field</i>
<i>bar; bank</i>	<i>relating to Campobasso</i>
<i>swamp</i>	<i>canal</i>
<i>relating to Bari</i>	<i>hut</i>
<i>barrier</i>	<i>peak; top</i>
<i>basilica</i>	<i>head; cape; point</i>
<i>low</i>	<i>chapel</i>
<i>shallow</i>	<i>Carnic</i>
<i>lowlands</i>	<i>relating to Carrara</i>
<i>rampart</i>	<i>house</i>
<i>little plateau</i>	<i>fall</i>
<i>peak</i>	<i>farmstead</i>
<i>relating to Belluno</i>	<i>relating to Caserta</i>
<i>relating to Benevento</i>	<i>peak; top</i>
<i>relating to Bergamo</i>	<i>castle</i>
<i>white</i>	<i>relating to Catania</i>
<i>library</i>	<i>relating to Catanzaro</i>
<i>relating to Biella</i>	<i>chain; range</i>
<i>white</i>	<i>cathedral</i>
<i>mouth, inlet, velt</i>	<i>quarry</i>
<i>relating to Bologna</i>	<i>flyover; bridge over a railway</i>
<i>relating to Bolzano/Bozen</i>	<i>cave</i>
<i>land reclamation</i>	<i>hollow</i>
<i>village</i>	<i>valley</i>
<i>village; suburb</i>	<i>central; middle</i>
<i>wood</i>	<i>centre</i>
<i>relating to Brescia</i>	<i>charterhouse</i>
<i>relating to Brindisi</i>	<i>relating to Cesena</i>
<i>moor</i>	<i>basin; valley</i>
<i>peak; top</i>	<i>field</i>
<i>gorge</i>	<i>valley</i>
<i>ravine; gorge</i>	<i>house</i>
<i>cave</i>	<i>church</i>
<i>house</i>	<i>relating to Chieti</i>
<i>peak; top</i>	<i>kilometre</i>
<i>dolina; valley</i>	<i>peak</i>
<i>relating to Cagliari</i>	<i>house</i>
<i>cove; creek</i>	<i>peak</i>
<i>Calabrian, relating to Calabria</i>	<i>cemetery</i>
<i>Calabrian, relating to Calabria</i>	<i>ring-road</i>
<i>hot; warm</i>	<i>castle</i>
<i>path; calle (narrow street in Venice)</i>	<i>town; city</i>
<i>country; country land</i>	<i>citadel; fortress</i>

baita	campan-o, -a; -i, -e
banatzu/benatzu (S)	campeggio
banchina	camp-o; -i
banc-o; -hi	campobassan-o, -a; -i, -e
bannaxi (S)	canal -e; -i
bares-e; -i	capanna
barriera	capissa/capitta/capizza (S)
basilica	capo
bass-o, a; -i, -e	cappella
bassofondo	carnic-o, -a; -i, -he
basopiano	carrares-e; -i
bastione	cas-a; -e
bottada (S)	cascat-a; -e
becco	cascina
bellunes-e; -i	casertan-o, -a; -i, -e
beneventan-o, -a; -i, -e	casteddu
bergamasc-o, -a; -hi, -he	castell-o; -i
bianc-o, -a; -hi, -he	catanes-e; -i
biblioteca	catanzares-e; -i
bielles-e; -i	caten-a; -e
blanc (L)	cattedrale
bocc-a; -he	cava
bolognes-e; -i	cavalcavia
bolzanin-o, -a; -i, -e	caverna
bonifica	cav-o, -a; -i, -e
borgata	cea/chea (S)
borgo	central-e; -i
bosc-o; -hi	centro
brescian-o, -a; -i, -e	certosa
brindisin-o, -a; -i, -e	cesenat-e; -i
brughiera	chiadin (L)
bruncu (S)	chiamp/chiampon/(L)
bucca (S)	chianal; -s (L)
burrone	chiase (L)
bus (L)	chiesa
ca'	chietin -o, -a; -i, -e
cabu (S)	chilometr-o; -i
cadin (L)	ciampani (L)
cagliaritan-o, -a; -i, -e	cias-a; -e (L)
cala	cim-a; -e
calabres-e; -i	cimitero
calabr-o, -a; -i, -e	circonvallazione
cald-o, -a; -i, -e	cischiel (L)
calle	città
campagna	cittadella

<i>small town; country town</i>	<i>of the (m. s.)</i>
<i>relating to the town</i>	<i>of the (m. s.)</i>
<i>stone; mount</i>	<i>of the (f. p.)</i>
<i>rounded hill</i>	<i>of the (m. and f. s.)</i>
<i>rounded hill</i>	<i>of the (f. s.)</i>
<i>hill</i>	<i>of the (f. s.)</i>
<i>hill</i>	<i>of the (m. s.)</i>
<i>relating to Como</i>	<i>delta</i>
<i>municipal</i>	<i>peak</i>
<i>commune</i>	<i>hollow</i>
<i>cave</i>	<i>of the (f. s.)</i>
<i>basin; valley</i>	<i>of the (f. p.)</i>
<i>border; boundary; frontier</i>	<i>of the (m. p.)</i>
<i>national boundary</i>	<i>right</i>
<i>consulate</i>	<i>of the (m. s.)</i>
<i>town district; contradas</i>	<i>of the</i>
<i>convent; nunnery; friary</i>	<i>inner</i>
<i>little horn; peak</i>	<i>outer</i>
<i>horn; peak</i>	<i>dam</i>
<i>stream</i>	<i>of the (m. p.)</i>
<i>main street; avenue</i>	<i>of the (m. s.)</i>
<i>short</i>	<i>middle; central</i>
<i>relating to Cosenza</i>	<i>department</i>
<i>coast; seaside</i>	<i>upper</i>
<i>coast</i>	<i>lower</i>
<i>crater</i>	<i>of the (f. s.)</i>
<i>relating to Crema</i>	<i>of the (m. and f. p.)</i>
<i>relating to Cremona</i>	<i>customs</i>
<i>rock; peak</i>	<i>dolina</i>
<i>crevasse; cleft</i>	<i>house</i>
<i>ridge</i>	<i>ridge</i>
<i>mount; peak</i>	<i>little hill</i>
<i>cross</i>	<i>dune</i>
<i>crag</i>	<i>cathedral</i>
<i>relating to Crotone</i>	<i>water; stream</i>
<i>cross</i>	<i>Emilian, relating to the Emilia</i>
<i>hill</i>	<i>Region</i>
<i>peak; summit</i>	<i>relating to Enna</i>
<i>hill</i>	<i>equidistance</i>
<i>relating to Cuneo</i>	<i>East</i>
<i>of the (m. s.)</i>	<i>outer</i>
<i>of the (f. s.)</i>	<i>estuary</i>
<i>wet dock; basin</i>	<i>lighthouse</i>
<i>of</i>	<i>relating to Ferrara</i>
<i>of the (m. s.)</i>	<i>railway</i>

cittadina	dei
civic-o, -a; -i, -he	del
clap (L)	de les (L)
col/côl (L)	dell'
collac/collaz (L)	della
coll-e; -i	delle
collin-a; -e	dello
comasc-o, -a; -hi, -he	delta
comun-al -e; -i	dente
comun -e; -i	depressione
conca (S)	de sa (S)
conc-a; -he	de sas (S)
confin-e; -i	de sos (S)
confine di Stato	destro-o, -a; -i, -e
consolato	de su (S)
contrà/contrada	di
convento	di dentro
cornetto	di fuori
corno	dig-a; -he
corrente	di li (S)
corso	di lu (S)
cort-o, -a; -i, -e	di mezzo
cosentin-o, -a; -i, -e	dipartimento
cost-a; -e	di sopra
costier-a; -e	di sotto
crater-e; -i	dla (L)
cremasc-o, -a; -hi, -he	dles (L)
cremones-e; -i	dogana
crep (L)	dolina
crepaccio	domu (S)
crest-a; -e	dorsale
crete (L)	doss-o; i
croc-e; -i	dun-a; -e
croda	duomo
crotoniat-e, -i; crotones-e; -i	ega (L)
crusc (L)	emilian-o, -a; -i, -e
cuccureddu (S)	
cuccuru (S)	ennes -e; -i
cuel; -is (L)	equidistanza
cuneens -e; -i	Est
dal (L)	estern-o, -a; -i, -e
da le (L)	estuario
darsena	faro
de (L)	ferrares-e; -i
degli	ferrovi-a; -e

<i>relating to Florence</i>	<i>big; great</i>
<i>river</i>	<i>big; great</i>
<i>river; stream</i>	<i>Greek</i>
<i>mouth</i>	<i>rounded mountain top</i>
<i>relating to Foggia</i>	<i>relating to Grosseto</i>
<i>mouth</i>	<i>big</i>
<i>fountain; spring</i>	<i>cave</i>
<i>spring</i>	<i>mountain chain</i>
<i>alpine pass</i>	<i>cave</i>
<i>narrow alpine pass</i>	<i>cross</i>
<i>gorge</i>	<i>deep gorge</i>
<i>forest; wood</i>	<i>peak</i>
<i>relating to Forlì</i>	<i>gorge</i>
<i>gorge; ravine</i>	<i>the (m. p.)</i>
<i>fort</i>	<i>witch</i>
<i>fortress</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>mouth</i>	<i>the (m. s.)</i>
<i>cold</i>	<i>relating to Imperia</i>
<i>relating to the Friuli Region</i>	<i>in</i>
<i>frontier; boundary</i>	<i>under construction</i>
<i>river; stream</i>	<i>lower</i>
<i>peak; top</i>	<i>inlet</i>
<i>relating to Frosinone</i>	<i>in the</i>
<i>fumarole</i>	<i>inner</i>
<i>cable-railway</i>	<i>ionic, relating to Ionian Sea</i>
<i>cableway</i>	<i>relating to the Irpinia area</i>
<i>spring</i>	<i>the (plural)</i>
<i>pass</i>	<i>ridge</i>
<i>pass</i>	<i>relating to Isernia</i>
<i>tunnel</i>	<i>isle; island</i>
<i>relating to the promontory of</i>	<i>block of houses</i>
<i>Gargano</i>	<i>islet; small island</i>
<i>pass</i>	<i>isthmus</i>
<i>relating to Genova</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>glacier</i>	<i>mount; peak</i>
<i>basaltic upland</i>	<i>pass; top</i>
<i>garden; park</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>botanical gardens</i>	<i>the (m. and f. s.)</i>
<i>zoological gardens</i>	<i>the (f. s.)</i>
<i>summit; top; mountain ridge</i>	<i>lake</i>
<i>relating to Venezia Giulia</i>	<i>lake</i>
<i>the (m. p.)</i>	<i>lagoon</i>
<i>gorge</i>	<i>lagoon (attributive)</i>
<i>bay; gulf</i>	<i>barren land; moor; heath</i>
<i>relating to Gorizia</i>	<i>cave</i>

fiorentin-o, -a; -i, -e	gran
fium-e; -i	grand-e; -i
flumini (S)	grec-o, -a; -i, -he
foc-e; -i	groppa
foggian-o, -a; -i, -e	grossetan-o, -a; -i, -e
foga/foghe (S)	gross-o, -a; -i, -e
fontan-a; -e	grotta
font-e; -i	gruppo
forca/forcola	grutta (S)
forcella	grux (S)
forces (L)	gurgu (S)
forest-a; -e	guglia
forlives-e; -i	guttururu
forra	i
forte	ian-a; -as (S)
fortezza	ianna (S)
foxi (S)	il
freddo-o, a; -i, -e	imperies-e; -i
friulan-o, -a; -i, -e	in
frontier-a; -e	in costruzione
frumini (S)	inferior-e; -i
fruncu (S)	insenatura
frusinat-e; -i	in tal (L)
fumarol-a; -e	intern-o, -a; -i, -e
funicolare	ionic-o, -a; -i, -he
funivia	irpin-o, -a; -i, -e
funtana (S)	is (S)
furcela/furcella (L)	ischina (S)
furcia (L)	isernin-o, -a; -i, -e
galleria	isol-a; -e
garganic-o, -a; -i, -he	isolat-o; -i
	isolott-o; -i
gena/genna (S)	istmo
genoves-e; -i	janna (S)
ghiaccia -io; -i	jof (L)
giara (S)	ju (L)
giardin-o; -i	juel (L)
giardino botanico	l'
giardino zoologico	la
giogo	lac (L)
giuliano-o, -a; -i, -e	lag-o; -hi
gli	lagun-a; -e
gola	lagunar-e; -i
golfo	land-a; -e
gorizian-o, -a; -i, -e	landri (L)

<i>square</i>	<i>relating to Messina</i>
<i>large; broad</i>	<i>metalliferous</i>
<i>relating to Latina</i>	<i>methane pipeline</i>
<i>latitude</i>	<i>metropolis; large city</i>
<i>relating to the Lazio Region</i>	<i>underground; subway</i>
<i>the (f. p.)</i>	<i>metropolitan</i>
<i>relating to Lecce</i>	<i>central; middle</i>
<i>relating to Lecco</i>	<i>mile</i>
<i>lake</i>	<i>relating to Milan</i>
<i>East</i>	<i>mine</i>
<i>shore</i>	<i>lower</i>
<i>Ligurian, relating to Liguria</i>	<i>relating to Modena</i>
<i>the (m. and f. p.)</i>	<i>mill</i>
<i>coastal</i>	<i>relating to the Molise Region</i>
<i>mean sea level</i>	<i>pier; wharf</i>
<i>relating to Livorno</i>	<i>monastery; convent</i>
<i>the (m. s.)</i>	<i>shepherd's hut in the Alps</i>
<i>relating to Lodi</i>	<i>mount; mountain</i>
<i>Lombard, relating to Lombardia</i>	<i>mountain (attributive)</i>
<i>longitude</i>	<i>mount; mountain</i>
<i>the (m. s.r)</i>	<i>hill</i>
<i>Lucan, relating to Basilicata</i>	<i>moraine</i>
<i>relating to Lucca</i>	<i>morainic</i>
<i>long</i>	<i>mill</i>
<i>scrub</i>	<i>town hall</i>
<i>relating to Macerata</i>	<i>alp</i>
<i>the Virgin Mary</i>	<i>museum</i>
<i>greater</i>	<i>relating to Naples</i>
<i>shepherd's hut in the Alps</i>	<i>canal; waterway</i>
<i>big</i>	<i>national</i>
<i>Mantuan, relating to Mantova</i>	<i>nation</i>
<i>relating to the Marche Region</i>	<i>necropolis</i>
<i>sea</i>	<i>in the (m. p.)</i>
<i>boundary</i>	<i>in the (m. p.)</i>
<i>coast; seashore</i>	<i>in the (m. s.)</i>
<i>marine; sea (attributive)</i>	<i>in the (m. and f. s.)</i>
<i>maritime</i>	<i>in the (f. s.)</i>
<i>relating to Massa</i>	<i>in the (f. p.)</i>
<i>relating to Matera</i>	<i>in the (m. s.)</i>
<i>central; middle</i>	<i>black</i>
<i>central; middle</i>	<i>snowy</i>
<i>Mediterranean</i>	<i>relating to Caltanissetta</i>
<i>meridian</i>	<i>North</i>
<i>Southern</i>	<i>relating to Novara</i>
<i>South</i>	<i>naked</i>

largo	messines-e; -i
larg-o, -a; -hi, -he	metallifer-o, -a; -i, -e
latinens-e; -i	metanodotto
latitudine	metropoli
laziale	metropolitana
le	metropolitan-o, -a; -i, -e
lecces-e; -i	mezzan-o, -a; -i, -e
lecches-e; -i	migli-o; -a
lech (L)	milanes-e; -i
Levante	minier-a; -e
lid-o; -i	minor-e; -i
ligur-e; -i	modenes-e; -i
lis (L)	molin-o; -i
litoral-e; -i	molisano
livello medio del mare	mol-o; -i
livornes-e; -i	monastero
lo	mont (L)
lodigian-o, -a; -i, -e	montagn-a; -e
lombard-o, -a; -i, -e	montan-o, -a; -i, -e
longitudine	mont-e; -i
lu (S)	montighiu/montigiu (S)
lucan-o, -a; -i, -e	moren-a; -e
lucches-e; -i	morenic-o, -a; -i, -e
lung-o, -a; -hi, -he	mulino
macchia	municipio
macerates-e; -i	munt (L)
Madonna	muse-o; -i
maggior-e; -i	napoletano, -a; -i, -e
malga	naviglio
mannu (S)	nazional-e; -i
mantovan-o, -a; -i, -e	nazion -e; -i
marchigian-o, -a; -i, -e	necropoli
mare	negli
marghine (S)	nei
marina	nel
marin-o, -a; -i, -e	nell'
marittim-o, -a; -i, -e	nella
masses-e; -i	nelle
materan-o; -i	nello
median-o, -a; -i, -e	ner-o, -a; -i, -e
medi-o, -a; -i, -e	nevos-o, -a; -i, -e
mediterrane-o, -a; -i, e	nissen-o, -a; -i, -e
meridian-o; -i	Nord
meridional-e; -i	novares-e; -i
Meridione	nud-o, -a; -i, -e

relating to Nuoro
new
megalithic stone tower
Western
West
peak
oil pipeline
beyond
oratory
house worship
Eastern
East
relating to Oristano
hospital
West
relating to Padua
plain
village
mount; peak
peak; summit
palace
relating to Palermo
rounded top
marsh; fen
parallel
park
national park
plain
relating to Parma
level crossing
pass
plain
little plateau; mesa
swamp
relating to Pavia
mountain, stone
steep; slope
fall
peninsula
mountain; stone
megalith; menhir
suburbs; outskirts
relating to Perugia
relating to Pesaro
relating to Pescara

relating to Piacenza
plain
plain
plain
square
little square
peak
little; small
relating to Piceno
rock; stone
parish church
relating to the Piemonte Region
pinewood
relating to Pisa
swimming pool
fall
relating to Pistoia
peak; top
peak
peak
beach
plain
plateau
plain
hill
West
bridge
wharf
relating to Pordenone
gate
pass
pass
harbour; haven
mail; post
back
relating to Potenza
fountain; well; oil-well
field; meadow
meadow
grassland
relating to Prato
meadow
field; meadow
principal; main
depth

nuores-e; -i	piacentin-o, -a; -i, -e
nuov-o, -a; -i, -e	piana
nuragh-e; -i (S)	piano
occidental-e; -i	pianura
Occidente	piazza/piazzale
odla (L)	piazzetta
oleodotto	picco
oltre	piccol-o, -a; -i, -e
oratoria	picen-o, -a; -i, -e
oratorio	pietr-a; -e
oriental-e; -i	pieve
Oriente	piemontese
oristanes -e; -i	pineta
ospedale-e; -i	pisan-o, -a; -i, -e
Ovest	piscina
padovan-o, -a; -i, -e	pissandol; -s (L)
padru (S)	pistoies-e; -i
paes-e; -i	pitzu/pizzu (S)
pal/pala (L)	piz (L)
pal-a; -e	pizzo
palazz-o; -i	plaia (S)
palermitan-o, -a; -i, -e	plan; -s (L)
palla	plan/planu (S)
palud-e; -i	plan-e; -is (L)
parallel-o; -i	poggio
parc-o; -hi	Ponente
parco nazionale	pont-e; -i
pardu (S)	pontile
parmigian-o, -a; -i, -e	pordenones-e; -i
passaggio a livello	port-a; -e
passo	porta/portedda (S)
patru (S)	portella
pattada (S)	porto
pauli (S)	post-a; -e
paves-e; -i	posterior-e; -i
pedra (S)	potentin-o, -a; -i, -e
pendenza	pozz-o; -i
pendula (S)	pra (L)
penisola	prat; -is (L)
perda (S)	prateria
perdafitta (S)	prates-e; -i
periferia	prat-o; -i
perugin-o, -a; -i, -e	pre/pré (L)
pesares-e; i	principal-e; -i
pescares-e; -i	profondità

<i>deep</i>	<i>Saint</i>
<i>cape; promontory</i>	<i>Saint.</i>
<i>province; district</i>	<i>sanctuary; shrine</i>
<i>provincial</i>	<i>Sardinian, relating to Sardegna</i>
<i>relating to the Puglia Region</i>	<i>the (f. p.)</i>
<i>cape</i>	<i>mountain; rocky top</i>
<i>city-district; quartier</i>	<i>relating to Sassari</i>
<i>relating to Ragusa</i>	<i>peak; stone; montain</i>
<i>relating to Ravenna</i>	<i>relating to Savona</i>
<i>roadstead</i>	<i>scale</i>
<i>relating to Rieti</i>	<i>slope</i>
<i>relating to Reggio nell'Emilia</i>	<i>excavation</i>
<i>relating to Reggio di Calabria</i>	<i>ridge</i>
<i>regional</i>	<i>ski-lift</i>
<i>Region</i>	<i>cliff; reef</i>
<i>shelter; refuge</i>	<i>reef; rock</i>
<i>brook; river; stream</i>	<i>sand bank</i>
<i>relating to Rimini</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>city-district; quarter</i>	<i>chair-lift</i>
<i>level ground; terrace</i>	<i>conventional signs</i>
<i>nature reserve</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>restaurant</i>	<i>forest; wood</i>
<i>river; stream</i>	<i>relating to Siena</i>
<i>stream</i>	<i>path</i>
<i>bank; shore</i>	<i>gorge; ridge</i>
<i>coast</i>	<i>Northern</i>
<i>rock; peak</i>	<i>North</i>
<i>relating to Rovigo</i>	<i>relating to the Sicilia Region</i>
<i>irrigation ditch</i>	<i>synagogue</i>
<i>Roman, relating to Rome</i>	<i>left</i>
<i>relating to the Romagna Region</i>	<i>relating to Syracuse</i>
<i>red</i>	<i>suburb</i>
<i>red</i>	<i>relating to Sondrio</i>
<i>round</i>	<i>relating to Sondrio</i>
<i>ruin</i>	<i>on; upon</i>
<i>peak; top</i>	<i>source; spring</i>
<i>cliff; rock</i>	<i>the (m. p.)</i>
<i>brook; stream</i>	<i>underground (attributive)</i>
<i>the (f. s.)</i>	<i>under</i>
<i>memorial church</i>	<i>submarine</i>
<i>holy</i>	<i>fall</i>
<i>relating to the Salento area</i>	<i>relating to La Spezia</i>
<i>relating to Salerno</i>	<i>beach</i>
<i>salt-works</i>	<i>bank; coastline</i>
<i>country</i>	<i>stadium; sports ground</i>

profond-o, -a; -i -e
 promontorio
 provinc-ia; -e/-ie
 provincial-e; -i
 pugliese
 punta
 quartier-e; -i
 ragusan-o, -a; -i, -e
 ravennat-e; -i
 rada
 reatin-o, -a; -i, -e
 reggian-o, -a; -i, -e
 reggin-o, -a; -i, -e
 regional-e; -i
 Region-e; -i
 rifugio
 rio
 rimines-e; -i
 rion-e; -i
 ripisn-o; -i
 riserva naturale
 ristorante
 riu (S)
 riul (L)
 riv-a; -e
 riviera
 roccia
 rodigin-o, -a; -i, -e
 roggia
 roman-o, -a; -i, -e
 romagnol-o, -a; -i, -e
 ros (L)
 ross-o, -a; -i, -e
 rotond-o, -a; -i, -e
 rovin-a; -e
 runcu (S)
 rup-e; -i
 ruscello
 sa (S)
 sacrario
 sacr-o, -a; -i, -e
 salentin-o, -a; -i, -e
 salernitan-o, --a; -i, -e
 salin-a; -e
 saltu/sartu (S)

San
 sant-o, -a; -i, -e
 santuario
 sard-o, -a; -i, -e
 sas (S)
 sass (L)
 sassares-e; -i
 sass-o; -i
 savonese
 scala
 scarpata; -e
 scav-o; -i
 schina (S)
 sciovia
 scogliera; -e
 scogl-io; -i
 secc-a; -he
 sedda (S)
 seggiovia
 segni convenzionali
 sella
 selva
 senes-e; -i
 sentiero
 serr-a; -e
 settentrionale
 Settentrione
 siciliano
 sinagoga
 sinistr-o, -a; -i, -e
 siracusan-o, -a; -i, -e
 sobborg-o; -hi
 sondrasc-o, -a; -hi, -he
 sondries-e; -i
 sopra
 sorgent-e; i
 sos (S)
 sotterraneo-o, -a; -i -q
 sotto
 sottomarino-o, -a; -i, -e
 spendula (S)
 spezin-o, -a; -i, -e
 spiaggia
 spond-a; -e
 stadio

<i>pond</i>	<i>relating to Trapani</i>
<i>relating to the State</i>	<i>shuttle train</i>
<i>station</i>	<i>relating to Trento or to the Trentino Region</i>
<i>railway station</i>	<i>relating to Treviso</i>
<i>farm</i>	<i>relating to Trieste</i>
<i>road; street; way</i>	<i>rounded mountain</i>
<i>canal; strait</i>	<i>relating to Udine</i>
<i>narrow</i>	<i>Umbrian, relating to Umbria</i>
<i>on; upon</i>	<i>urban; city (attributive)</i>
<i>the (m. s.)</i>	<i>relating to Urbino</i>
<i>South</i>	<i>relating to the Valle d'Aosta/Vallée d'Aoste Region</i>
<i>pass</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>on the; upon the (m. p.)</i>	<i>valley</i>
<i>on the; upon the (m. p.)</i>	<i>valley</i>
<i>on the; upon the (m. s.)</i>	<i>wall, rampart</i>
<i>on the; upon the (m. and f. s.)</i>	<i>deep valley</i>
<i>on the; upon the (f. s.)</i>	<i>relating to Varese</i>
<i>on the; upon the (f. p.)</i>	<i>old; ancient</i>
<i>on the; upon the (m. s.)</i>	<i>relating to the Veneto Region</i>
<i>upper</i>	<i>relating to Venice</i>
<i>highway</i>	<i>relating to Verbano</i>
<i>relating to Taranto</i>	<i>relating to Vercelli</i>
<i>field</i>	<i>green</i>
<i>relating to Chieti</i>	<i>relating to Verona</i>
<i>theatre</i>	<i>versant; mountain side</i>
<i>cableway</i>	<i>green</i>
<i>telegraph</i>	<i>relating to the Vesuvius</i>
<i>temple</i>	<i>summit; top, peak</i>
<i>relating to Teramo</i>	<i>road; street; way</i>
<i>thermal baths</i>	<i>avenue; boulevard</i>
<i>relating to Terni</i>	<i>relating to Vibo Valentia</i>
<i>country; land</i>	<i>relating to Vicenza</i>
<i>head; peak</i>	<i>alley; lane</i>
<i>Tiberine</i>	<i>country-house; villa</i>
<i>relating to the Ticino river</i>	<i>village hamlet</i>
<i>relating to Tyrrhenian Sea</i>	<i>relating to Viterbo</i>
<i>peak</i>	<i>peak</i>
<i>relating to Turin</i>	<i>gravelly land; peak</i>
<i>rounded mountain</i>	<i>district</i>
<i>tower</i>	<i>mount; peak</i>
<i>stream; torrent</i>	<i>pass</i>
<i>Tuscan, relating to Toscana</i>	
<i>tunnel</i>	

stagn-o; -i	trapanes-e; -i
statal-e; -i	treno navetta
stazione	trentin-o, -a; -i, -e
stazione ferroviaria	
stazzu (S)	trevisan-o, -a; -i, -e
strad-a; -e	triestin-o, -a; -i, -e
strett-o; -i	turond (L)
strett-o, -a; -i, -e	udines-e; -i
su	umbr-o, -a; -i, -e
su (S)	urban-o, -a; -i, -e
Sud	urbinat-e; -i
suel (L)	Valdostan-o, -a; -i, -e
sugli	
sui	valico
sul	vallat-a; -e
sull'	vall-e; -i
sulla	vallo
sulle	vallone
sullo	varesin-o, -a; -i, -e
superior-e; -i	vecch-io, -ia; -i, -ie
superstrad-a; -e	venet-o, -a; -i, -e
tarantin-o, -a; -i, -e	venezian-o, -a; -i, -e
taviele (L)	verbanes-e; -i
teatin-o, -a; -e, -i	vercelles-e; -i
teatro	verd-e; -i
teleferica	verones-e; -i
telegrafo	versant-e; -i
temp-io; -li	vert (L)
teraman-o, -a; -i, -e	vesuvian-o, -a; -i, -e
terme	vett-a; -e
ternan-o, -a; -i, -e	vi-a; -e
terr-a; -e	viale
testa	vibones-e; -i
tiberin-o, -a; -i, -e	vicentin-o, -a; -i, -e
ticines-e; -i	vicolo
tirrenico	villa
tor (L)	villagg-io; -i
torinese-e; -i	viterbes-e; -i
torond (L)	vruncu (S)
torr-e; -i	zeppara (S)
torrente	zon-a; -e
toscan-o, -a; -e	zuc (L)
traforo	zuel (L)